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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/966,551 09/26/2001		9/26/2001	Bobby W. Sanders	26272/04003	5266
24024	7590	09/24/2002			
		& GRISWOLD, L	EXAMINER		
800 SUPERIO SUITE 1400	R AVEN	IUE	DINH, TIEN QUANG		
CLEVELANI	O, OH 44	1114		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3644	
				DATE MAILED: 09/24/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)	- 1
•	09/966,551	SANDERS ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	T. Dinh	3644	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	;
Period for Reply	( IO OFT TO EVOIDE AMONTH)	C) EDOM	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed will be considered timely. the mailing date of this commun (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>		
	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	ince except for formal matters, pr	osecution as to the me	erits is
closed in accordance with the practice under a Disposition of Claims	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
4) $\boxtimes$ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.			
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11</u> is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		•	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept	•		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep		ved by the Examiner.	
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	arimor.		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 H.S.C. & 119(a	)-(d) or (f)	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	i priority under 00 0.0.0. § 110(a	, (u) or (i).	
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received		
Certified copies of the priority documents		on No.	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior			е
application from the International Bu  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(	e) (to a provisional app	lication).
<ul> <li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro</li> <li>15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest</li> </ul>			
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152	
.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)  Office Ac	tion Summary  The 20th	Part of Pape	er No. 8

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**DETAILED ACTION** 

Drawings

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show

every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the plenums with

control valves must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new

matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the

Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings

will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for

the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction

of the following is required: In claim 8, line 2 and 4, the specification fails to disclosed

that the external surfaces are within about 5 degrees of parallel to the flow or the interior

surfaces at the entrance to the inlet are at angles of 3 to 10 degrees to the flow. In

claim 9, there is no antecedent basis for the external surfaces not being aligned with the

flow or the 0 degree flow aligned internal sidewall surfaces.

Claim 11 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form. See

MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claim 11 has not been further treated on the

merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

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The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 2-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

In claim 2, it is not understood how the bleed regions on the interior surfaces of the inlet exiting into bleed plenums with fixed or variable-exit area control valves work. Doesn't the bleed plenums with fixed or variable-exit area control valve exit into the interior surfaces of the inlet and not the other way around? Does the fluid enter the interior surfaces via the plenums? Please explain this. What is a necessary tolerance? What is an inlet unstart?

In claim 6, it is not understood what the downstream exterior inlet surfaces are?

How could the inlet surfaces have an exterior?

In claim 10, line 4, "what are off-design Mach number spillage considerations?"

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claims 2-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 2, line 2, "a stability bleed system" is a double inclusion in view of claim 1, line 3. Isn't this the same system or are they different? Please explain.

In claim 2, line 4, is the applicant claiming a fixed or a variable-exit area control valves.

In claim 2, line 8, "such adverse conditions" is vague and indefinite.

In claim 2, line 5, "the necessary tolerance" lacks antecedent basis.

The list above is merely exemplary. Therefore, the applicant should review the claims in their entirety for compliance with 35 U.S.C. 112.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Syberg in view of Tindell.

Syberg discloses a supersonic inlet where all of the air compression takes place and external surfaces that are substantially aligned with the airflow approaching the inlet and the cowl leading edges are staggered (see figure 1) but lacks the shock stability

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bleed system. However, Tindell discloses that shock stability bleed systems are well known in the art.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have used a shock stability bleed system in Syberg's system as taught by Tindell to control the boundary to increase the efficiency of the propulsion units.

Claims 2-9, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Syberg as modified by Tindell as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Ball et al.

Syberg as modified by Tindell discloses all claimed parts of the invention except for the bleed plenums to change the engine mass-flow demand which prevents inlet unstart. However, Ball et al teaches that plenums with a bleed system that inherently has control valves are well known in the art.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have used plenums with control valves in Syberg's system as modified by Tindell and as taught by Ball et al to increase the efficiency of the bleed system.

Re claims 3-5, please note that Syberg discloses an axisymmetric inlet with a variable cowl surface geometry (see figure 1) which meets the off design mass flow schedule. The interior surfaces of the inlet are composed of distinct compression angle.

Re claim 6, figure 4 of Syberg shows a round nacelle.

Re claims 7 and 8, the interior surfaces at the entrance of the inlet at an angle of about 2-10 degree to the flow (see figure 1).

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Re claim 9, as best understood, the internal sidewall surfaces are aligned 0 degree to the flow. In addition, Tindell discloses that the external surfaces are not aligned with the flow are well known (see figure 1). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have made the external surfaces not aligned in Syberg's system as taught by Tidell to increase the aerodynamic efficient of the aircraft for certain missions.

Re claim 8, during the design process, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have made the external surfaces of Syberg as modified by Tindell within about 5 degrees so as to increase the aerodynamic efficient of the aircraft for certain missions.

## Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Lennard, Miles, Lane, Kibens et al, Koncsek et al, and British Aerospace disclose inlet means.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to T. Dinh whose telephone number is 703-308-2798.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Through Friday 8-6, alternate Monday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Charles Jordan can be reached on 703-306-4159. The fax phone numbers

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for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-306-4195 for regular communications and 703-306-4195 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-4177.

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TD September 21, 2002

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